# SEE WEDNESDAY'S REPUBLIC for LEADING MERCHANTS' MIDWEEK BARGA

DIAGRAM OF CATLIN TRACT LEASES.

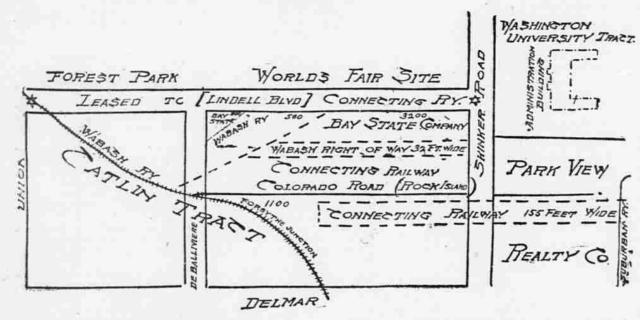


Diagram showing the relative positions of the various leases on the Catlin tract and the relation of the entire tract and Lindell boulevard to the World's Fair site. The stars at the intersections of Union boulevard with Lindell boulevard and Skinker road with Lindell boulevard show that portion of Lindell which has been leased to the connecting railway. Lindell boulevard between these points is a part of the Catlin tract, having never been dedicated as a public thorough fare.

## TO PRIVATE CONCERNS

Ground Sought by Exposition Man- Court Upholds This Privilege, but agement Secured by Bay State Company.

LINDELL BOULEVARD CLOSED. DISMISSED ON TECHNICALITY.

way Corporation-Papers Conveying the Property Filed Month Age.

Owners of the Catlin tract announced last night, through Moses Greenwool, that leases of nearly every foot of the Catiln tract which the World's Fair corporation has sought to condemn have been executed by the Park View Realty Company, in which corporation the ownership is vented, to the Bay State Company and the Con-necting Railway Company, for a period ex-

tending beyond the close of the Exposition. The papers covering the terms of the transfers were filed a week ago in the Recorder's office. They show that William D. T. Cave, treasurer of the Century Theater, was the party named in the transfer of 3,300 feet along Lindell boulevard, begin-Wabash depot terminals and ending at Skinker road. The northern line of the lease is the thirty-two-foot right of way of the Wabash extending through the center of the Catlin tract. Cave asigned the lease to R. F. Kilgen, president of the Bay State

Lindell boulevard, from Union boulevard to Skinker road, is leased to the Connecting Railway. That portion of the Catlin tract north of the Wabash 32-foot right of way, from De Ballvere avenue to Skinker road with the line of the Colorado Railway as the north limit has been leased to the Connecting Railway, and likewise a strip 155 feet wide north of the Colorado Railway, beginning 1,100 feet west of De Ballvere avenue and extending through the Catlin tract and 1,700 feet beyond Skinker across other property of the Park View Realty Company, to the north and south line of the Suburban Rallway. A further lease of 300 by 200 feet has been

made of the northwest corner of Lindeil boulevard and De Ballvere avenue, forming a triangular piece of ground just outside of the strip secured sometime ago by the Wabash Railway for depot terminal.

President Francis was surprised last night when informed of the report in relation to the leases. He said that the property which had been transferred was that which the World's Fair Company had intended to add to the Exposition site, and all he could say was that if it became impossible to obtain the property, it would be necessary for the Exposition management to cut down a great many more trees in the Forest Park tract, which had been assigned to the company, for the purpose of erecting structures for the Fair.

He declared that he had not read the decision of the court, announced yesterday, with respect to the condemnation suit, but understood that it acknowledged the right of the Exposition Company to condemn, while it made clear the necessity for the company to specify to what uses

the ground would be put.

Joseph H. Beckwith, secretary and incorporator of the Connecting Railway Com-pany, which came into existence two months ago, confirmed at his residence last night the details of the leases secured by the Connecting Railway Company on the several portions of the Catlin tract which have al-

been described. R. M. Kilgen, president of the Bay State Company, confirmed the lease on the Catlin tract last night. He said that the transfer had been made in their case about one month ago, and that the papers were filed at that time.

Beyond stating that the lease is in connection with the World's Fair I am not at liberty to go." explained Mr. Kligen. "My lips are scaled as to the figures which we paid for the lease or for what purposes the land will be used." Other authority made it evident that the ground would be used

or amusement enterprises.

The original lease on a portion of the Catlin tract was made two months ago. included a triangle beginning at the main line of the railway east of De Baliviere avenue, and carried the road across that thor-oughfare into a strip beginning on the west side of De Baliviere and crossing the Catlin tract diagonally to the frontage of 100 feet on Lindell boulevard. A thirty-two-foot right-of-way extending from this depot terminal through the state of the ased at the same time to the The latter leases to the Bay State Company and the Connectius Reliway oc-cupy all of the remaining ground in the tract south of the Colorado Rallway, be-tween De Ballviere ayenue and Skinker

## CATLIN TRACT LEASED EXPOSITION COMPANY'S RIGHT TO CONDEMN

States That Property Uses Must Be Specified.

That Thoroughfare Rented to Rail- President Francis Says Fair Management Is Satisfied With Ruling, but Does Not Indicate Next Step.

> Judges Hough and Wood decided vesterday, in the condemnation proceedings of the World's Fair corporation against the Park Valley Realty Company, owners of the Catlin tract, that the Exposition Company had the right to condemn that ground for public uses, but held that it was necessary for the Exposition management to state specifically what uses they intended to make of the property. The suit was dismissed for the reason that these uses had

not been set forth. At a late hour last night President Fran cis and other officials of the World's Fair were not ready to commit themselves as to the future course of the Exposition Company, General Counbut understood that it accorded the compa ny the right to condemn under certain provisions. In the whole the decision was regarded as satisfactory to the World's Fair management.

The decision reads: Judge Hough's Decision.

The points involved in this case have been discussed with rare ability by counsel and questions presented for consideration have been elaborated in exhaust ive briefs, which display great research and learning. It is impossible, however, in the midst of the duties devolving upon a nist prius judge, to devote the time necessary to write an opinion reviewing the authorities cited by counsel, which have been considered by the court, and we are obliged to content ourselves with simply announcing the propositions of law and fact, which are decided.

Section 1582, Revised Statutes, 1899, authorizes the plaintiff to condemn land for the purpose of holding a World's Fair. The allegations of the petition, which are supported by the testimony, show that the use for which plaintiff seeks to take the proper-ty described in aid of the punchoses for which it was incorporated is such a public use as will authorize the plaintiff to exercise the right of eminent domain.

A bona fide effort to agree with the owner of the land as to the compensation to be paid for the tract, or interest therein sought to be acquired, must be shown to jurisdiction upon the court in condemnation proceedings. This effort must be directed to the specific tract of land, and the specific interest therein described in the petition, which is sought to be condemned.

Use of Lands. The tract of land described in the petition in this case (No. 23463) corresponds with the land described in the letter to the defendant realty company, dated February 1, 1902, making an offer for same. The petition alleges as the term of years

which the plaintiff seeks to acquire in the property, a term ending March 1, 1894, but the proof shows negotiations for a term of years ending February 1, 1994. The preliminary effort to agree should be had with reference to the term which is set

out in the petition.

The specific nature of the use to which the lands are to be devoted should also be disclosed in the negotiations and stated in

the petition. This proposed use was an essential factor in the negotiations, and a necessary allega-tion in the petition, to enable the court tot determine whether the use sought to be made of the land is such a use as author-izes the exercise of the power of eminent domain, and also to enable the court to ure of damages.

Lewis in his work of Eminent Domain says: The petition should show the use or purpose for which the property is de-sired, and that it is within the statutory power conferred. It should show a clear right to condemn the property described. Accordingly, it must not only show that the property is wanted for public use, but in also show that it is a use that is the particular statute under which the pro-ceeding is had.

The act under which plaintiff is incor-

The act under which plaintiff is incor-porated attempts to grant the power to lease the interests acquired by condemnation pro-ceedings. The right of eminent domain can-not be invoked for any such purpose. The plaintiff cannot in this proceeding acquire land for the purpose of leasing it to con-cessionaries for money-making purposes. The right to acquire the land by condemna-tion proceedings, counled with the rectivation proceedings, coupled with the reciprocal right on the part of the public to the use.

Defendant's Compensation. Lastly, it is essential that the particular character of the use be stated for the rea-son that the defendant is entitled to the

## LEADING TOPICS

TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC.

THE SUN RISES THIS MORNING AT

CST AND SETS THIS EVENING AT 7:19. MOON RISES TO-MORROW MORNING AT 3:18. WEATHER INDICATIONS.

For St. Louis and Vicinity-Partly cloudy and cooler. storms and cooler Tuesday. Wednes-

For Illinois-Partly cloudy Tuesday, showers and thunderstorms except in south; cooler in central. Wednesday

1. England Pays for War to Induce Boers

2. Democrats of Cole Sound Party Note. Row of Factions in Every County, Sudden Death of F. L. McGinness.

3. Opposed Thanking Hay for Speech. Tribute to Henry Hitchcock. 4. Republic Form Chart.

Fair Crounds Races. 5. East Side News.

6. Alaska Now Lighted by Volcanic Fires. Republicans Ready to Fight It out. Flag of World's Fair Colors Raised.

Yaquis Fight Mexican Troops. 7. Ziegenhein Explains Banking Methods. Merry War Over School Picnic. June Grand Jury Is Impaneled,

Miss Chapman Married to Charles P. Blaisdell.

9. Railway News From All Points.

10. Republic "Want" Advertizements. Birth, Marriage and Death Records.

11. Rooms for Rent and Real Estate Adver-

12. Securities Close Strong Despite Profit-

Taking. River News and Personals. Found Drowned in a Pond,

3. Summary of St. Leuis Markets.

Shorts Buy at Close on Local Exchange. 4. Display Rooms for Manufacturers.

Texas Cotton Crop Outlook. Suicide of a Young Girl. Bloomington to Have Fair,

compensation not only for the temporary use of its property, but also for all dam-ages which it may sustain by reason of such use, and this compensation prior to entry on the land and must be paid

n money.

If the land is to be covered with buildings or railroad tracks, converted into a lake or used as a Mexican horticultural garden, it is manifest that the just compensation re-quired by law will vary in each instance and as the decree can only provide for a money payment and cannot require the plaintiff to enter into bond to restore the property to the same condition in which it was taken; and, furthermore, as the pr erty can only be used for the purposes for which it is condemned, the necessity for de-claring under the World's Fair statute the particular use to be made is manifes It was not necessary that an effort to argue should have been made with the

trustees and que trust defendants in this case. They are not owners of the land with-in the meaning of the condemnation statute and have no power to treat for or convey an estate for years in the property sought to be acquired by the plaintiff. For the reasons stated in points 2 and 3

WARWICK HOUGH.

#### ENGAGEMENT OF CONDE NAST. St. Louis Man Will Wed Sister of

Marquise de Choiseul. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, June 2.-Announcement was made to-day at Tuxedo Park of the engagement of Miss Jeanne Clarisse Coudert. youngest daughter of the late Charles Cou-dert, of the law firm of Coudert Bros. to Mr. Conde Nast, who is a member of a prominent family of the prominent family of St. Louis. He is a grandson of the late L. A. Benoist.

Miss Coudert is a sister of the Marquise de Choiseul of Paris, and a niece of Mr. Frederic R. Coudert of this city.

E. I. Benoist of St. Louis stated last night that he knew nothing of the engage-ment of Mr. Nast and Miss Coudert.

## BODY TO BE REMOVED JULY 1

Brooklyn Will Carry Lord Pauncefote's Corpse to England.

Washington, June 2.-Lord Pauncefote's body probably will be taken to England about July 1 on the Brooklyn. The Navy Department has ordered that only such part of the \$25,000 worth of repairs ordered for the ship shall be made as can be completed before June 25.

The Navy Department was notified that the body will not be removed from the vault in Rock Creek Cemetery, this city, until after the coronation ceremonies.

## ROCHAMBEAU PARTY ARRIVE TO-MORROW.

Will Visit the World's Fair Site Thursday Morning and Country Club in Afternoon.

RECEPTION IN THE EVENING.

Friday Morning the Distinguished Guests, Including the Countess de Rochambeau, Will Take Upon the River.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

New York, June 2-The Rochambeau party will leave New York at 1 to-morrow aftermoon on the Southwestern Limited, trav-eling over the New York Central, Lake Shore and Big Four railroads, arriving St. Louis Wednesday evening at 6:45.

The party, which is in charge of C. L. Hilleary, assistant general passenger agent of the Big Four, will be made up of the Comte de Rochambeau, Comtesse de Rohambeau, Comte de Lafayette, M. Michel Lagrave, General Commissioneri of the rench Government to the Louislana Purchase Exposition; M. Jean Gullemin, First Secretary of the French Embassy; M. R. DeBilly, Secretary of the Embassy; M. Boeurve, French Consul in New York; M. DeRothiacob, Lieutenant de Vaisscau, Mr. Ed Weilhoff and Mr. Thomas W. Cridler, dissioner to Europe of the Louisian Purchase Exposition Company.

the guests of the Exposition was submitted to M. Lagrave at the Walderf-Asteria Hotel to-night and received his cordial ap proval except in one particular.

It was originally intended that the Com tesse de Rochambeau should remain in the city while the gentlemen of the party took a sail up the river. The Comtesse, however, has requested that the programme in this respect be changed so as to include The reason for this her in the river party. is stated to be that the Comtesse, upon the return of the party to New York, after the unveiling of the Rochambeau statue in Washington, last Tuesday, was carried up the river, the gentlemen disembarking at the Battery, and being driven up Broadway, where they were received at the City Hall by the Mayor and the Board of Alder-The arrangement was not to the liking of the Comtesse and she has asked that the party be kept intact as much as possible, and this will be done.

Programme for Three Days. The programme submitted, and which will be carried out, except for this change, is

Wednesday, June 4, 6:45 p. m.-The party to be met at Union Station by the chairman of the Committee on Ceremonies and the French Consular Agent, Mr. Louis Seguenet. They will be excerted to the Planters Hotel, where accommodations have been reserved. President Francis of the Exposition and the members of the Committee on Cere-

monies will call upon them, Thursday, Il a. m.-Special cars will be aken at the hotel and will convey the visitors to the World's Fair site, where carriages will be provided for a virit to the Exposition grounds and buildings.

The party will arrive at 2 p. m. at the Country Club, where luncheon will be

served and other entertainments will be pro-Leave the Country Club at 6:23 p. m. and | cent. eturn to the Planters Hotel, arriving at

7:30 p. m. such functions as may be determined upon after a conference of the visitors with the Consular Agent of France in St. Louis and committee of prominent Prench residents. Friday, 11 a. m.-The gentlemen of the party will be driven from the hotel to the river front to take a trip along the river, viewing the Eads and Merchants' bridges. During the trip luncheon will be served on

the bont. ertained at breakfast at I p. m. by Mrs. J. Morrison. The Comtesse will be sken from the place of luncheon at 4 p. m. w the residence of Mrs. George H. Shields Daughters of the Revolution.

The gentlemen of the party will return from the trip on the river at 4 p. m., and will take carriages for a ride through the city, arriving at the hotel at 5:30 p. m. Friday evening a reception will be given by the St. Louis Club from \$20 to 11 in honor of the visitors.

Go From Here to Chienge The party will leave St. Louis Saturday for Chicago, where they will remain until Sunday night, returning to New York Monday. They will sail for home on Thursday, June 12.

The distinguished visitors have been overhelmed with the receptions accorded them throughout the East.

Hilleary, who will look after the com fort of the guests on the trip West, has made arrangements that every comfort shall be theirs. They will leave here in special cars and fresh flowers will decorate the table at each meal between New York VII as their lawful severeign. The man-and St. Louis. The Comtesse is passionately fond of flowers and Mr. Hilleary will

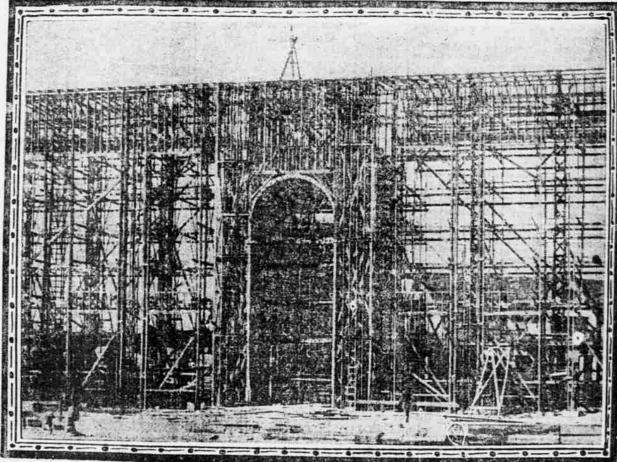
is gratified. Comtesse Expresses Her Delight. The Comtesse, in relating her impressions of this country, said to-day;

"I am delighted with everything-that sums all up. The first thing that really impressed me was the entrance to New York. We have a little statue of Liberty in Paris. but I had no idea that the real statue was so big and so imposing. The Statue of Liberty was my first impression; it was a PERSONAL LIBERTY AND good one, and it has lasted." "As for tall buildings, I am not of a suffi-

clently engineer ng mind to appreciate them. I look at them with my eyes only, not with my understanding. I am only a woman, and women like flowers, laces and dainty things. If I were a man I suppose I would enthuse more about them than I do. As it is, they frighten me; they are wonderful and terrible, but not pretty. I prefer pretty things. I was perfectly enchanted with Washington. I think it is the most beautiful city I have ever seen." The Comtesse looked wonderingly at her

The Comtesse looked wonderingly at her interviewer when he asked her what her impression of the taste in dress of the American women was. She looked down upon her fluffy pearl-gray costume before replying, as if to assure herself that nothing was amiss, and then said:

"That's a very difficult question to answer. I wear things that American women would not wear, and I suppose that there are some things they wear which I would not particularly fancy."



Curtain wall of the Palace of Varied Industries, showing the arch of one of the entrances, giving egress to the front of the structure facing on Lindell boulevard.

The skeleton frame is carried up to the cornice line of the building, 65 feet above the ground. The roof trusses of the building wi' rest partially on what is the sky line of the framework. Through the network of timber on the right of the picture appears the outline of the Emergency Hospital.

colories to persons requiring them for their

protection, on taking out a license, accord-

will, ut the earliest possible date, be suc-

it, a commission on which the local inhab-

in each d'strict of the Transvaal and Or-

ange River colonies under the presidency of

a magistrate or other official, for the pur-

pose of assisting in the restoration of the

people to their homes and supplying those

who, owing to war losses, are unable to

provide for themselves, with food and

such notes and receipts are found by this

be received by the first named Commis-

sioners as evidence of war losses, suffered

by the persons to which they were origi-

"In addition to the above named free grant of three million pounds sterling, His

Majesty's Government will be prepared to

poses free of interest for two years, and

"There are certain points not dealt with

in the document I have just read, and which

was signed on Saturday night. Therefore

it may be convenient if I read a dispatch

from Lord Kitchener to the Secretary of

"'After handing the floer delegates a

copy of the draft of the agreement, I read

them a statement and gave them a copy of

'His Majesty's Government must place

on record that the treatment of the Caps

and Natai colonists who have been in re-bellion, and who now surrender will, if

they return to their colonies, be determined

by the colonial courts and the laws of the

colonies and any British subjects who have

joined the enemy will be liable to trial

under the law of that part of the British

by the Cape Government that their views

regarding the terms to be granted to

British subjects in Cape Colony, now in the

field, or who have surrendered or been

captured since April 12, 1901, are as

His Majesty's Government are informed

Propire to which they belong,

State for War, dated May 30, as follows:

make advances, on loan, for the same pur

agreement, Mr. Balfour proceeded;

LOANS TO BE GRANTED

ON LIBERAL TERMS.

fit under this clause,"

will be introduced.

CITIZENS TO BE RESTORED

TO THEIR OLD HOMES.

"Seventh-The military administration of

#### BRITAIN PAYS FOR WAR TO "ENGLAND HAS PEACE, INDUCE BOERS TO STOP.

Burghers Will Receive \$15,090,000 Free Grant for Restocking Farms and Liberal Loans Will Be Made for the Same Purpose-Dutch Language to Be Taught and to Be Used in Court, Arms Will Be Retained and All Boers Outside the Transvaal Wili Be Returned at British Expense,

### SELF-GOVERNMENT TO BE ESTABLISHED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

London, June 2-The House of Commons | heard with comparative calciness to day a formal statement of the terms which the ing to law. Boers had been induced to accept as a condition of surrender.

a member of the House, a supporter of the ceeded by a civil government, and, so soon Covernment, summed them up in these "The Boers get \$2,000,000 for giving up

their independence. They lose nothing else, They get loans ample to stock their farms and start life anew, without interest for two years and then, in their own time, at 3 per

"England pays for the war. It does not River colonies to defray the expenses of the cost the Roers a penny more than they

EVEN OOM PAUL MAY

RECOME BRITISH SUBJECT. "The Transvasi and Orange River Colony will have self-government, at least as in- | itants will be represented, will be appointed dependent as that of any British Colony.

Property rights of all burghers are to be respected. "England will transport back all prisoners of war and all other burghers who ac-knowledge the sovereignty of King Edward. Even Mr. Kruger, if he make the proper seknowledgement, may return to Pretoria,

"It is hard to see how England could have been more liberal." Mr. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Freasury, and Covernment leader, faced a the disposal of these commissions the sum Boers have all the honor." crowded house, when he arose this afternoon to read the terms of surrender, as

with all the rights of a British subject.

Mr. Stryn, General Bremner, General C. R. De Wet and Judge Hertzog, acting in behalf of the Orange Free State, and General Schalkberger, General Reitz, General Louis Botha and General Delarey, acting in behalf of their respective burghers, destring o terminate the present hostilities, agree to the following terms:

BURGHERS TO GIVE ALLEGIANCE TO KING.

"Flist-The Burgher forces in the field will forthwith lay down their arms and hand over all their guns, rifles and munitions of war in their possession, or under their control, and desist from further resistance and acknowledge King Edward arranged between Lord Kitchener and Comsee to it that her taste in this particular mandant General Boths, assisted by Generat Delarey and Chief Commundant De Wet. "Second-All burghers outside the limits of the Transvall and Orange River Colony and all prisoners of war at present outside South Africa, who are burghers, will, on duly declaring their acceptance of the posttion of subjects of his Mnjesty, he brought back to their homes as soon as means of transport can be provided and means of

> it, as follows: PROPERTY ARE SAFEGUARDED. TREATMENT OF CAPE REBELS "Third-The burghers so returning will not SUBJECT TO COURT'S ACTION. be deprived of their personal liberty or

"Fourth-No proceeding, civil or criminal, will be taken against any burghers surrendering, or so returning for any acts in connection with the prosecution of the war. The benefits of this clause do not extend to certain acts contrary to the usages of war, which had been notified by the Commanderin-Chief to the Boer Generals, and which shall be tried by court-martial after the close of hostilities,

"Fifth-The Dutch language will be taught in the public schools of the Trans-veal and Orange River Colony, where the parents desire it, and will be allowed in the courts of law, for the better and more effectual administration of justice.

"Sixth-Possession of rifles will be al- up their arms, sign a document, before the lowed in the Transvani and Orange River

#### Undercurrent of Dissatisfaction Makes London's Celebration Rather Tame.

LIBERALS BERATE GOVERNMENT Better Terms, They Say, Could'

BOERS THE HONOR"

Have Been Obtained a Year Ago, but for Obstinacy of Some High 'Officials.

the Transvasi and Orange River colonies as circumstances permit, representative inpeace in South Africa was celebrated in stitutions leading up to self-government London to-night with a mild repetition of the Mafeking celebration,

"E ghth-The question of granting the Hundreds of thousands of people surged franchise to natives will not be decided unthrough the streets of London from White til after the introduction of self government, | chapel to Buckingham Palace, but never at "Ninth-No special tax will be imposed on any time did the crowds equal those which and property in the Transvani or Orange erecated the verb, "to Mafeking," Women, carrying babies, boys, drunken

loafers and others, glad of any excuse to defy the law and order, were the principal elements in the ragged processions passing through the principal streets.

Women jabbed men in the faces with Tenth-As soon as the conditions permit feathers, flung an apology for confetti, and in turn were hugged and kissed by any man

who found time for such a diversion. A few helpless policemen stood around and watched the fun. A very serious undercurrent of discontent probably is responsible for the fact that London has not shown the same evidences of rejoicing as were to be seen on Mafeking

shelter and the necessary amount of seed, stock and implements, etc., indispensable night. to the resumption of their normal occu-In some quarters the comment on this "His Majesty's Government will place at that "Great Britain has the peace and the

The Liberal members of the House of Commons declared freely to-night that of \$3,000,000 sterling and will allow all the notes issued under the law of 1900 of the South African Republic and all receipts prace in South Africa might have been "His excellency, Lord Milner, in behalf given up to officers in the field of the late secured a year earlier and upon better of the British Government, his excellency, Republics, or under their orders, to be pre- terms had not the British Government been sented to a judicial commission, which will so obdurate.

be appointed by the Government and if A curious feature of the night's street scenes was that banners were carried in commission to have been duly issued in several processions bearing the inscription return for valuable considerations they will ; or bus that was driven through the streets to-night but was decorated with flags or come other sign of rejoicing.

At the hight of the rejoicing a hearse passed through Piccadilly and even the undertaker's assistants, who are known as

#### PRINCE OF MONACO FREED FROM HIS AMERICAN WIFE.

afterwards repayable, over a period of years, with three per cent interest. No foreigner or rebel will be entitled to bene-Courts of His Principality Issue Decree of Judicial Separation After he had concluded reading the peace at His Request.

> Paris. June 2.-A dispatch received here this afternoon from Monaco confirms the report published by the Petit Journal this morning that, at the instance of the Prince of Monaco, the courts of the principality have decreed the judicial separation of the Prince and Princess of Monaco, who was formerly Alice, Dowager Duchess of Richelieu, a daughter of Michael Heine, a banker of New Orleans, La.

#### CARPENTERS STRIKE AT QUINCY Trouble May Spread to Unions Af-

feeting 4,500 Men. Quincy, Iil., June 2.-Two hundred and fifty corpenters went on a strike to-day. After numerous conferences between co tractors and carpenters everything but the exclusive employment of union men was practically agreed to. The contractors insist on "open shops." At the labor head-quarters tais evening it was said that a sympathetic strike of all trades was probable. There are about 4,500 organized work-

ingmen in this city.

The team drivers strike was settled at a conference between a committee from the employers' association and a committee of lows: With regard to the rank and file, they should all, after surrender and giving